



**The World Bank**  
INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION  
INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT U.S.A.  
INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

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## Survey on Transparency in Algeria

### **Definitions of common terms used in this questionnaire:**

- *MPs*: members of the lower house/chamber of the national/federal parliament.
- *Financial disclosure laws*: laws that require MPs to disclose their assets and liabilities.
- *Business activities' disclosure laws*: laws that require MPs to disclose secondary employment and business activities in the private sector, such as membership in a company's board of directors, or being an officer or advisor in a company.
- *Family members' individual interests*: Business activities and assets and liabilities owned separately by the MP's family, such as non-marital assets. We only consider assets and interests owned independently by an MP's family member, assets jointly owned are not considered.
- *Post-tenure agreements*: employment agreements and/or business transactions that an MP enters into after completing his parliamentary term, such as an agreement to work for a certain company after completing their parliamentary term.



**[Algeria]**  
**Lower House of Parliament – [Assemblée Populaire Nationale]**

## 1. DISCLOSURE

If your country requires Members of Parliament (MPs) in the lower house to disclose their financial and/or business interests, please use the blank disclosure form to supplement the law when completing this section.

Disclosure requirement and frequency	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>1. Are MPs required to disclose during their mandate their:</b>		
Assets and liabilities?	Yes	[ ]
Business activities (sources of income, secondary employment, positions in private firms)?	Yes	[ ]
<b>2. When are MPs required to submit a disclosure form?</b>		
Upon taking and leaving office	Yes	[ ]
Upon taking office	No	[ ]
Annually	No	[ ]
Once every X years (please specify how often)	No	[ ]
<b>3. Are MPs required to disclose <u>changes</u> in assets or business activities prior to disclosure deadline (e.g., within 4 weeks of any change)?</b>	Yes	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 2(1), art. 4, art. 6 The change in assets has to be disclosed immediately only if it is substantial in size.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [ ]		

### 1.1. DISCLOSURE OF ASSETS & LIABILITIES

Report of Assets and Liabilities	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>4. Are MPs required to disclose the following assets and liabilities:</b>		
Personal residence	Yes	[ ]
<i>Details: Disclosure of exact location vs. monetary value</i>		
○ Value and exact location of the property	No	[ ]
○ Exact location	Yes	[ ]
○ Total value without the exact location	No	[ ]
○ Not specified	No	[ ]
Non-financial, non-movable assets (e.g., other real estate)	Yes	[ ]
<i>Details: Disclosure of exact location vs. monetary value</i>		
○ Value and exact location of the property	No	[ ]
○ Exact location	Yes	[ ]
○ Total value without the exact location	No	[ ]
○ Not specified	No	[ ]
Non-financial, movable assets (e.g., jewelry, vehicles)	Yes	[ ]
<i>Details: Disclosure of description vs. monetary value</i>		



o Value <i>and</i> description of the asset	No	[ ]
o Description of the asset	Yes	[ ]
o Total value without descriptions	No	[ ]
o Not specified	No	[ ]
Stock holdings and other securities	Yes	[ ]
<i>Details: Disclosure of name vs. monetary value</i>		
o Value of stock <i>and</i> name of company in which they hold stocks	Yes	[ ]
o Name of company in which they hold stock	No	[ ]
o Total value of stock, without the name of the company	No	[ ]
o Not specified	No	[ ]
<i>Details: Disclosure of all vs. certain types of stocks</i>		
o All stock ownership	Yes	[ ]
o Stock ownership in certain types of companies (e.g., in specific industries)	No	[ ]
o Stock above a certain threshold	No	[ ]
▪ Please specify the threshold	No	[ ]
Interest-bearing financial investments (e.g., bonds, savings accounts)	Yes	[ ]
o Value of investment <i>and</i> name of company in which investment is held	Yes	[ ]
o Name of company in which investment is held	No	[ ]
o Total value of investment, without the name of the company	No	[ ]
o Not specified	No	[ ]
Liabilities (e.g., loans, credits, mortgages)	No	[ ]
o Name of lender <i>and</i> value of liability	No	[ ]
o Name of lender only	No	[ ]
o Total value of liability, without the name of the lender	No	[ ]
o Not specified	No	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 2(1), art. 4, art. 5 Presidential Decree n. 06-415 establishing the blank disclosure form, as stipulated by art. 6 of law no. 06-01		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>	[ ]	
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b>		
[ ]		

## 1.2. BUSINESS ACTIVITIES DISCLOSURE

In the questions below, please answer “yes” only if there is an *explicit* requirement to disclose specific items.

Report of income, secondary employment, and business activities	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>5. Are MPs required to disclose the <u>value</u> of their current income?</b>	No	[ ]
<b>6. Are MPs required to disclose <u>all</u> sources of income?</b>	No	[ ]
o Only <b>some</b> categories of income (i.e. paid secondary employment)	Yes/1	
<b>7. Are MPs required to disclose <u>unpaid</u> secondary employment?</b>	No	[ ]
<b>8. Are MPs required to disclose if they hold the following positions in companies:</b>		



Membership in <b>boards of directors</b> or positions as <b>officers</b> (e.g., CEO, CFO)?	No	[     ]
○ In all types of companies	No	[     ]
○ In certain types of companies (e.g., in specific industries)	No	[     ]
○ Only if the position is paid	No	[     ]
Positions as <b>advisors</b> (e.g., financial, legal, auditor)?	No	[     ]
○ All types of advisory work	No	[     ]
○ In certain types of companies (e.g., in specific industries)	No	[     ]
○ Only if the position is paid	No	[     ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006 Presidential Decree n. 06-415 establishing the blank disclosure form, as stipulated by art. 6 of law no. 06-01 1/ The above-mentioned laws do not include provisions on disclosure of secondary employment or sources of income. However, the blank disclosure form requires disclosing stocks and their revenues.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[     ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [     ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [     ]		

### 1.3. EXPENSES DISCLOSURE

Report on Expenses Disclosure	TA2009	Your answer
<b>9. Are MPs required to disclose any kind of expenses?</b>	No	[     ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[     ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [     ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [     ]		

### 1.4. FAMILY MEMBERS' DISCLOSURE

Report of family members' interests	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>10. Are MPs required to disclose their family members' <u>independently owned</u> interests (as opposed to joint assets or interests)?</b>	Yes	[     ]
<b>11. Which family members are covered by the disclosure requirement?</b>		
○ Spouse	No	[     ]
○ Minor children	Yes	[     ]
○ Other, please specify	No	[     ]
<b>12. Are family members required to complete the same disclosure form as MPs?</b>	Yes	[     ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 5 Presidential Decree n. 06-415 establishing the blank disclosure form, as stipulated by art. 6 of law no. 06-01 The MP has to disclose only his and his minor children's assets in the same disclosure form.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[     ]



<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [ ]

What did you use to complete the sections above?	TA 2009	Contributor
Blank disclosure form	Yes	[ ]
Laws	Yes	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006 Presidential Decree n. 06-415 establishing the blank disclosure form, as stipulated by art. 6 of law no. 06-01		
<b>Comments:</b> [ ]		

### 1.5. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF MPS' DISCLOSURE FORMS

Public Availability of MPs' Disclosure Forms	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>11i. By law, are filled out disclosure forms accessible by the public?</b>	Yes	[ ]
<b>12i. In practice, does the public have access to the filled out disclosure forms?</b>	No	[ ]
At a registrar where the public can request forms in person	No	[ ]
On the internet	No	[ ]
○ Please specify the address	No	[ ]
Disclosures can be obtained from other sources	No	[ ]
○ Please specify the source	No	[ ]
<b>13. Are filled out disclosure forms only available to the public under certain conditions?</b>	No	[ ]
With the express consent of the MP	No	[ ]
Other	No	[ ]
○ Please specify	No	[ ]
<b>14. Does the law specify that only a summary of the disclosure is accessible by the public?</b>	No	[ ]
<b>15. In practice, does the public have access to the entire disclosure, as opposed to a summary?</b>	No/1	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 6  1. The law requires the completed disclosure forms to be published in the Official Gazette ( <a href="http://www.joradp.dz/HFR/Index.htm">http://www.joradp.dz/HFR/Index.htm</a> ) within 2 months from the election. However, the law came into force in 2007 with no retroactive effect. Many forms were expected after the May 17 <sup>th</sup> 2007 parliamentary election. However, most MPs have failed or even refused to submit their individual forms. ( <a href="http://benchicou.unblog.fr/2007/08/04/des-parlementaires-et-ministres-refusent-de-deposer-la-declaration-de-patrimoine/">http://benchicou.unblog.fr/2007/08/04/des-parlementaires-et-ministres-refusent-de-deposer-la-declaration-de-patrimoine/</a> ) 2. Our contributors have confirmed with the Algerian Gazette that no forms have been published this year, while the Parliament refused to provide any info on this matter stating that this is a confidential matter.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b>		

[ ]

## 2. RESTRICTIONS ON DOING PRIVATE BUSINESS

In some countries, disclosure of business interests is not required, but there are restrictions on doing business in the private sector. Such provisions may be found in the constitution, election laws, standing orders of the parliament, anticorruption laws, conflict of interest or incompatibility laws, and ethics laws among others. Please consider all of the above sources of law to answer the questions.

Restrictions on business activities	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>15i. During tenure, are MPs prohibited from all <u>paid</u> employment?</b>	No	[     ]
<b>16. During tenure, are MPs prohibited from:</b>		
<b>Owning stock</b> of private companies?	No	[     ]
o Do MPs have to place their stockholding into a trust fund for the duration of their term in office	No	[     ]
o Are MPs restricted from owning certain types of stocks (e.g., in certain industries)	No	[     ]
o Are MPs restricted from owning stocks above a certain threshold	No	[     ]
▪ Please specify threshold	No	[     ]
Being <b>members of boards of directors</b> in companies?	No	[     ]
o In <i>all</i> types of company	No	[     ]
o In certain types of companies (e.g., in specific industries)	No	[     ]
o Are there restrictions on being a member of boards of directors only if the position is paid	No	[     ]
Being <b>officers</b> (CEO, CFO) in companies?	No	[     ]
o In <i>all</i> types of company	No	[     ]
o In certain types of companies (e.g., in specific industries)	No	[     ]
o Are there restrictions on being an officer only if the position is paid	No	[     ]
Being an <b>advisor</b> to companies (e.g., financial, legal, auditor)?	No	[     ]
o In <i>all</i> types of company	No	[     ]
o In certain types of companies (e.g., in specific industries)	No	[     ]
o Are there restrictions on being an advisor only if the position is paid	No	[     ]
<b>17. Are there other restrictions on activities in the private sector?</b>	No	[     ]
<b>18. Can restrictions on business activities in the private sector be lifted by a third party, such as the Speaker of the Parliament or the Comptroller?</b>	No	[     ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
<b>We have not been able to identify restrictions on doing business with the private sector in the following laws:</b>		
1. Constitution, 8 <sup>th</sup> September 1963, latest revision on 28 <sup>th</sup> November 1996 2. Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20 <sup>th</sup> February 2006 3. Standing orders of the National Assembly 4. Law no. 99-02 on the organization and functioning of the National Assembly, 8 <sup>th</sup> March 1999 5. On the MP's Status 6. Law 01-01 regarding Members of Parliament, 31 <sup>st</sup> January 2001		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[     ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [     ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b>		
[     ]		



### 3. DOING BUSINESS WITH THE GOVERNMENT

Provisions regulating doing business with the government may be found in the constitution, standing orders of the parliament, or public procurement laws. Please consider all these laws when answering this section.

Doing business with the government	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>19. Are MPs required to disclose doing business with the government?</b>		
Are MPs required to disclose <b>signing contracts</b> with the government (e.g., through participation in privatizations, state- led auctions, contract provisions)?	No	[     ]
○ Contracts in which they participate <u>directly</u> by themselves	No	
○ <u>indirectly</u> through third parties related to them or where they are involved	No	
○ With <i>all</i> government agencies	No	[     ]
○ Only with certain agencies (e.g., only if the contract is with parliament) or under certain conditions	No	[     ]
<b>20. Are MPs prohibited from doing business with the government?</b>		
Are MPs restricted from <b>signing a contract</b> with the government (e.g., through participation in privatizations, state-led auctions)?	No	[     ]
○ With <i>all</i> government agencies	No	[     ]
○ Only with certain agencies (e.g., if the contract is with parliament) or under certain conditions	No	[     ]
Are MPs restricted from <b>being a government contractor</b> (e.g., where an MP provides services or goods to the government directly or via third parties)?	No	[     ]
○ For all government agencies	No	[     ]
○ Only for certain agencies (e.g., if the contract is with parliament) or under certain conditions	No	[     ]
<b>21. Can restrictions on business relations with the government be lifted by a third party, such as the Speaker of the Parliament or the Comptroller?</b>	No	[     ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> <b>We have not been able to identify restrictions on doing business with the government in the following laws:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Constitution, 8<sup>th</sup> September 1963, latest revision on 28<sup>th</sup> November 1996</li> <li>Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20<sup>th</sup> February 2006</li> <li>Standing orders of the National Assembly</li> <li>Law no. 99-02 on the organization and functioning of the National Assembly, 8<sup>th</sup> March 1999</li> <li>On the MP's Status</li> <li>Law 01-01 regarding Members of Parliament, 31<sup>st</sup> January 2001</li> </ol>		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[     ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [     ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [     ]		

### 4. OTHER RESTRICTIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Restrictions on holding two public offices	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>22. Do MPs face restrictions on holding another public office during tenure (e.g., being a mayor or a judge at the same time as being an MP)?</b>	Yes	[     ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		



Constitution, 8 <sup>th</sup> September 1963, latest revision on 28 <sup>th</sup> November 1996, art. 105 Ordinance No. 97-07 on the election regime, 6 <sup>th</sup> March 1997, art. 119		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>	[      ]	
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [      ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [      ]		
<b>Voting Rules</b>	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
<b>23. Disclosure on voting</b> – Do MPs have to disclose the existence of a personal interest before voting in Parliament?	No	[      ]
○ Upon disclosing the existence of a personal interest, are MPs allowed to vote?	No	[      ]
<b>24. Restrictions on voting</b> – Does the law prohibit the MP voting in Parliament on matters in which he has a personal interest, without <i>explicitly</i> requiring the MP to disclose that interest?	No	[      ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Standing orders of the National Assembly, art. 63-64 Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20 <sup>th</sup> February 2006, art. 8 Law no. 99-02 on the organization and functioning of the National Assembly, 8 <sup>th</sup> March 1999, art. 32-38 The above-quoted articles do not contain any provision on prohibition/disclosure on voting when a personal interest in the matter under discussion might exist.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>	[      ]	
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [      ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [      ]		
<b>Post-tenure Rules</b>	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
<b>25. Disclosure of post-tenure agreements</b> – Are MPs required to disclose post-tenure agreements (e.g., employment agreements and/or business transactions that they will enter after completing their parliamentary term)?	No	[      ]
<b>26. Restrictions on post-tenure agreements</b> – Are MPs restricted from working in certain positions for a given period of time following the end of their term in office?	No	[      ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> <b>We have not been able to identify clauses on post-tenure agreements in the following laws:</b> 1. Constitution, 8 <sup>th</sup> September 1963, latest revision on 28 <sup>th</sup> November 1996 2. Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20 <sup>th</sup> February 2006 3. Standing orders of the National Assembly 4. Law no. 99-02 on the organization and functioning of the National Assembly, 8 <sup>th</sup> March 1999 5. On the MP's Status 6. Law 01-01 regarding Members of Parliament, 31 <sup>st</sup> January 2001		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>	[      ]	
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [      ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [      ]		
<b>Rules on Gifts</b>	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
<b>27. Disclosure on receiving gifts</b>		
○ Are MPs required to disclose gifts they receive?	No	[      ]
○ Is this disclosure public?	No	[      ]





○ Are MPs required to disclose gifts above a certain value?	No	[ ]
▪ Please specify the value in local currency	No	[ ]
<b>28. Restrictions on receiving gifts</b>		
○ Are MPs restricted from receiving gifts?	Yes	[ ]
○ Do MPs have to pay for gifts in order to keep them?	No	[ ]
○ Can MPs receive gifts up to a certain value?	No	[ ]
▪ Please specify the value in local currency	NA	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20 <sup>th</sup> February 2006, art. 38		
MPs are restricted from receiving gifts that could be considered as bribes and that could influence their impartiality in fulfilling their public duties.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b>		
[ ]		
<b>Rules on Travel</b>	<b>TA2009</b>	<b>Your answer</b>
<b>29. Are MPs required to disclose their sponsored travel?</b>	No	[ ]
<i>Details: Disclosure of identity of sponsor vs. monetary value</i>		
○ Value and identity of the sponsor	N/A	[ ]
○ Identity of the sponsor	N/A	[ ]
○ Total value without identity of the sponsor	N/A	[ ]
○ Not specified	N/A	[ ]
<b>30. Is this disclosure publicly available?</b>	N/A	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
Please note this section was only filled according to the Blank Disclosure Form.		
<b>Your Comments / Any missing laws?:</b>		
[ ]		

## 5. DISCLOSURE REGISTRAR

This section requests information about the government agency which maintains the completed financial and business interest disclosure forms. The registrar may also check the completeness of the disclosure forms. The registrar may also publish the data on how many MPs complied/failed to comply with their obligation to disclose ("compliance data"). This section inquires about the profile and activities of the registrar.

<b>Existence and profile of registrar</b>	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
<b>29i. Is there an agency in charge of maintaining the completed disclosure forms for MPs?</b>	Yes	[ ]
Does the registrar check the forms for completion?	No	[ ]
What forms does the registrar keep?		
○ Assets and liabilities	Yes	[ ]
○ Business activities (income, secondary employment, business activities)	No	[ ]
<b>30i. In addition to maintaining disclosures of MPs, does the registrar maintain the disclosure forms of:</b>		
Ministers (cabinet members)?	Yes	[ ]



Judges?	Yes	[ ]
Civil servants?	Yes	[ ]
<b>31. Profile of registrar</b>		
	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
Name	First President of the Supreme Court	[ ]
Contact information	Can be reached through the Ministry of Justice  MINISTERE DE LA JUSTICE 8 place Bir Hakem, El-Biar, Alger. Tél. : (213)021 92-41-83 Fax : (213)021 92-17-01 Email : contact@mjustice.dz	[ ]
Website	www.coursupreme-dz.org/(the web-site is not functional at the moment)	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20 <sup>th</sup> February 2006, art. 6		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [ ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b>		
[ ]		

<b>Activities of the registrar</b>	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
<b>32. By law, does the registrar have to publish data on whether MPs complied/failed to comply with their obligation to disclose?</b>	No	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		
Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20 <sup>th</sup> February 2006 does not contain such a provision regarding the activity of the Registrar.		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b>		
[ ]		
<b>33. In practice, are compliance data available?</b>	No	[ ]
What types of compliance data are available?		
○ General statistics (compliance rates or percentages)	No	[ ]
○ Publication of names of MPs who complied/did not comply	No	[ ]
With what frequency are compliance data reports published?		
○ On a regular basis (please specify how often)	No	[ ]
○ Other (please specify)	No	[ ]
What is the source of compliance data?		
○ Government website (please specify)	No	[ ]
○ Other (please specify)	No	[ ]
<b>34. Are there penalties for failure to submit completed disclosure forms?</b>	Yes	[ ]
○ Please specify what kind of penalties	Administrative Penalties and Criminal charges	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b>		



Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 36 In practice there are no compliance data available, since the no forms have been submitted yet. The penalties for failing to submit the declaration form are substantial ranging from: 1. fine: 50.000 DA to 500.000 DA to 2. prison sentence: 6 months to 5 years	
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>	[      ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [      ]	
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [      ]	

## 6. DATA INTEGRITY BODY

This section asks you to provide information about whether the content of the filled out disclosure forms is verified.

Existence and functions of a data integrity body/agency	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>35. Is there a body/agency that checks the content of the disclosure forms?</b>	No	[      ]
Does the body/agency check the content of the forms:		
○ of all MPs?	No	[      ]
○ of a random sample of MPs?	No	[      ]
○ each submission period to verify that all information is accurate (e.g., by verifying the content against other records such as tax records, bank statements)?	No	[      ]
○ by comparing the content of the forms upon taking and leaving office to discover irregular increases?	No	[      ]
○ to ensure that MPs activities are not incompatible with their mandate?	No	[      ]
<b>36. Does the body/agency check the content of the forms only if there is a complaint?</b>	No	[      ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Presidential Decree n. 06-415 establishing the blank disclosure form, as stipulated by art. 6 of law no. 06-01, 22 <sup>nd</sup> November 2006, art. 13 Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 6, 20.6 explicitly exclude the MPs' disclosures from the jurisdiction of the new Anti-Corruption Body to be created. The law does not provide for any further mechanism for checking the forms.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>	[      ]	
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):</i> [      ]		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [      ]		
<b>37. Details about the data integrity body</b>		
	<b>TA 2009</b>	<b>Contributor</b>
Name	None	[      ]
Contact information	None	[      ]
Website	None	[      ]
<b>38. What forms does the body check?</b>		
Assets and liabilities forms	No	[      ]
Business activities forms	No	[      ]
<b>39. Does the agency check the disclosure forms of other government officials?</b>	No	[      ]



Ministers (cabinet members)	No	[ ]
Judges	No	[ ]
Civil servants	No	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, does not empower the President of the Supreme Court to check the MPs' declaration forms.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [ ]		

Activities of the data integrity body/agency	TA 2009	Contributor
<b>40. By law, is the body required to publish the results of checking the content of the forms?</b>	No	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, does not empower the President of the Supreme Court to check the MPs' declaration forms.		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		
<b>Contributor's Comments:</b> [ ]		
<b>41. In practice, are results of the integrity body's activities in relation to checking the content of disclosure forms available?</b>	No	[ ]
<input type="radio"/> General statistics are published (e.g., the content of 10% the disclosure forms was checked)	No	[ ]
<input type="radio"/> Other (please specify)	No	[ ]
How often are content checking results published?		
<input type="radio"/> On a regular basis (please specify how often)	No	[ ]
<input type="radio"/> Other (please specify)	No	[ ]
Where are content checking results published?		
<input type="radio"/> Government website (please specify)	No	[ ]
<input type="radio"/> Other (please specify)	No	[ ]
<b>42. Are there penalties for submitting false information in the disclosures?</b>	Yes	[ ]
<input type="radio"/> Please specify what kind of penalties	Administrative Penalties and Criminal charges	[ ]
<b>Applicable law(s) and comments:</b> Law no. 06-01 on the prevention of and fight against corruption, 20th February 2006, art. 36 In practice there are no compliance data available, since the no forms have been submitted yet. The penalties for failing to submit the declaration form are substantial ranging from: 1. fine: 50.000 DA to 500.000 DA to 2. prison sentence: 6 months to 5 years		
<b>The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):</b>		[ ]
<i>If NO, please cite the applicable law(s): [ ]</i>		

**Contributor's Comments:**

[ ]

**7. SALARY DATA****Please provide the base salary for MPs in your country**

Amount [ ]

Currency[ ]

Per (month/year) [ ]

**Applicable law(s) and comments:**Law 01-01 regarding Members of Parliament, 31<sup>st</sup> January 2001, art. 18-21**The law(s) identified above is (are) the applicable one(s):**

[ ]

*If NO, please cite the applicable law(s):* [ ]**Contributor's Comments:**

[ ]

**8. REFORMS**

Reforms in laws on financial disclosure or business activities		
	Yes	No
<b>Are you aware of any changes that occurred between January 2003 and now to the laws and regulations</b> the will affect answers to this survey?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If your answer is <b>Yes</b> , please briefly describe: 1) the goal of the reform [            ] 2) its major characteristics [            ] 3) the date the reform came into force [            ]		
<b>Are you aware of any changes expected by June 1, 2008 to the laws and regulations</b> that will affect answers to this survey?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If your answer is <b>Yes</b> , please briefly describe: 1) the goal of the reform [            ] 2) its major characteristics [            ] 3) the date the reform will come into force [            ]		

**Thank you for checking the completeness of this file!**

**Please return the completed survey to:**

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